

# COURSE OF STUDY Archeology LM-2 ACADEMIC YEAR 2023-2024 ACADEMIC SUBJECT Funerary Archeology

General information	
Year of the course	Year I
Academic calendar (starting	Second Semester
and ending date)	
Credits (CFU/ETCS):	6
SSD	Christian and medieval Archeology L-ANT/08
Language	Italian
Mode of attendance	Attendance is governed by the Course Didactic Regulations (art. 4.2)

Professor/ Lecturer	
Name and Surname	Paola De Santis
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Telephone	
Department and address	Dipartimento di ricerca e innovazione umanistica
	Santa Teresa dei Maschi Complex, Strada Torretta (old town)
Virtual room	The tutoring activities, supplementary to those in the presence, can be
	carried out online (Teams platform code: eimtwvh)
Office Hours (and modalities:	From Monday to Friday by appointment to be agreed with the teacher
e.g., by appointment, on line,	by e-mail, at Dipartimento di ricerca e innovazione umanistica, Santa
etc.)	Teresa dei Maschi Complex, Strada Torretta (old town).

Work schedule			
Hours			
Total	Lectures	Hands-on (laboratory, workshops, working groups, seminars, field trips)	Out-of-class study hours/ Self- study hours
150	42		108
CFU/ETCS			
6			

Learning Objectives	The course, not present in the three-year training course, allows the
	acquisition of the analytical and interpretative tools aimed at the
	thematic framework, both theoretically and practical, of the material
	testimonies of funerary contexts In the context of the methodological
	and historiographical debate concerning funerary archaeology, with
	particular attention to the late Antiquity and early medieval period.
Course prerequisites	Knowledge of the basic principles of archaeological stratigraphy and
	documentation methods and tools.

Teaching strategie	The analysis of the contexts is addressed by following thematic
	pathways, providing active and critical participation by the students.
	The theoretical transmission of concepts and methods is integrated
	with direct tutorials on documentation (written, graphic, photographic)
	and on the exhibits.



	The frontal lectures are systematically supported by the projection of
	images and PowerPoint presentations that stimulate the active and
	critical participation of the students.
Expected learning outcomes	- Children Paris Paris Control
in terms of	
Knowledge and understanding	The course, not present in the three-year training course, allows
on:	the acquisition of the analytical and interpretative tools aimed at
	the thematic framework, both theoretically and practical, of the
	material testimonies of funerary contexts in the context of the
	methodological and historiographical debate concerning funerary
	archaeology, with particular attention to the late Antiquity and
	early medieval period.
Applying knowledge and	<ul> <li>The course allows you to observe, analyse, describe and</li> </ul>
understanding on:	contextualize in the broader scope of reference sites,
	monuments and finds also through the analysis of graphic
	and photographic documentation.
	o In the seminarial lessons and in laboratory exercises
	students are directly involved in self-test and evaluation
C-ft-Lill-	opportunities in the course of any gaps.
Soft skills	Making informed judgments and choices  The source allows the acquisition of the conscitution.
	The course allows the acquisition of the capacity:
	<ul> <li>to critically rework the contents, linking the knowledge in a multidisciplinary way, applying them also to different</li> </ul>
	situations, both on the thematic and methodological level;
	o to use correctly all sources -bibliographical and materials-, the
	methods and tools necessary for the filing, cataloging and
	study of contexts and finds and the field survey.
	Communicating knowledge and understanding
	The course allows:
	o to acquire a good level of control of the code of the written
	and oral language through the direct involvement of the
	students in the presentation in the classroom -in seminarial
	form and through multimedia instruments- of thematic insights
	based on examples also related to neighboring territories that
	<ul><li>allow the direct recognition of the monument;</li><li>direct contact with the contexts object of study, also through</li></ul>
	visits and inspections, that induces the student to participate
	actively in the disciplinary path and then to exercise the
	communicative tool;
	o to experience 'group work' in an integrated, interdisciplinary
	and complementary way, with diversified and defined
	autonomy levels. The latter is an important aspect to be
	highlighted in relation to the professional figure of the
	archaeologist, which involves the organization of the work in
	research team and the acquisition of diversified competences.
	This exercise is also linked to the field activities promoted by
	the degree course.
	a. Canacities to continue learning
	Capacities to continue learning  In order for the student to become increasingly autonomous in the
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	research activity, the course aims:  o the constant self-test of acquired compétences;  o the integration between the various sectoral viewpoints in
	organically constituted synthetic frameworks;  the learning capacity is also enhanced and monitored in the individual study envisaged, in the course of frontal didactics, of the seminarial activities, of the exercises and in laboratory;  the acquired learning capacity allows to work in full autonomy integrating the formative and experiential path also in research
	contexts.
Syllabus	
Content knowledge	Funerary archaeology: methods, tools and contexts.
	1. Introductory picture.  Problems related to the definition of the discipline; setting of studies in which the debate on funerary archaeology (theoretical archaeology, new archaeology, post-trial archaeology) is inserted. Methodological and interpretative approaches to funerary archaeology and themes subject to debate: systemic approaches; symbolic and social approaches.  Limits and potentialities in the interpretation of the funerary data.
	2. The cemetery: Funerary contexts of late antiquity and early medieval age in regional and extra-regional (location and organization of funeral spaces; typology of the settlement; commissioning and mode of attendance; relationship between funeral area and cult building; relationship between funerary area and pre-existing structures).
	3. The grave:  Type and structure of the grave; internal/external relationship in the funerary context; the body and its treatment; practices, gestures and funerary rites.  Excavation procedures and strategies and documentation.
	4. The deposition: Archaeotanatology; elements of physical anthropology and tafonomic anthropology (primary and secondary burials; in full space and in empty space; collective burials); 'use' and 'reuse' of the tomb. Phases of excavation and exposure of the skeleton; documentation, removal and recovery of human remains.
Texts and readings	1. Introductory picture: Laneri N., Archeologia della morte, Carocci, Roma 2011, pp. 7-31; Nizzo V., Premessa, in V. Nizzo (a cura di), Dalla nascita alla morte: antropologia e archeologia a confronto. Incontro di studi in onore di Claude Lévi-Strauss. Atti del Primo Congresso Internazionale di Studi (Roma, 21 maggio 2010), Roma 2011, pp. 11-17.
	Readings chosen by:  Nizzo V., Archeologia e antropologia della morte. Storia di una idea,  Edipuglia, Bari 2015.



	Alternatively:
	Cuozzo M., Orizzonti teorici e interpretativi, tra percorsi di matrice francese, archeologia post-processuale e tendenze italiane: considerazioni e indirizzi di ricerca per lo studio delle necropoli, in N. Terrenato (a cura di), Archeologia Teorica, X Ciclo di lezioni sulla ricerca applicata in archeologia (Certosa di Pontignano-Siena, 9-14 agosto 1999), All'insegna del Giglio, Firenze 2000, pp. 323-360 (soprattutto pp. 323-336).  D'Agostino B., Società dei vivi, comunità dei morti: un rapporto difficile, in Dialoghi di Archeologia 1, 1985, pp. 47-58.  Sam J. Lucy, Sviluppi dell'archeologia funeraria negli ultimi 50 anni, in N. Terrenato (a cura di), Archeologia Teorica, X Ciclo di lezioni sulla ricerca applicata in archeologia (Certosa di Pontignano-Siena, 9-14 agosto 1999), Firenze 2000, pp. 311-322.
	2. The Cemetery: In addition to the lecture notes, during the course will be provided specific bibliography on the contexts taken into consideration for example, aimed at specific insights from the students.
	3. The Grave: In addition to the lecture notes, during the course will be provided specific bibliography on the contexts taken into consideration for example, aimed at specific insights from the students.
	4. The Deposition: Canci A., Minozzi S., Archeologia dei resti umani. Dallo scavo al laboratorio, Carocci, Roma 2005, pp. 11-115. Duday H., Lezioni di archeotanatologia. Archeologia funeraria e antropologia sul campo, Roma 2005.
Notes, additional materials	Additional bibliography for non attending-students: non attending-students are requested to directly contact the teacher who will provide them with the additional bibliography which integrates the institutional program.
	Bibliography for the acquisition of prerequisites:  Carandini A., Storie dalla terra, Bari 1981  Harris E.C., Principi di stratigrafia archeologica, Carocci, Roma 2004 (12° ristampa)
	Bibliography for an optional consultation: Barbiera I., Memorie sepolte. Tombe e identità nell'alto medioevo (secoli V-VIII), Carocci, Roma 2012.
Repository	The teaching material will be shared with the students via the Dropbox folder (or similar systems).

Assessment	
Assessment methods	The final exam is an oral interview.
	The course may provide for an intermediate test (optional) aimed at the
	presentation in a seminarial form in the classroom of a study on a



	funerary context chosen by the students, presented individually or in groups, with the possibility of overcoming a part of the exam.  During the oral examination the student's knowledges and their abilities to apply theoretical and practical contents illustrated during the course will be assessed, also through the discussion of case studies.  To pass the exam, the student must demonstrate to have enough knowledge and abilities in all the curse topics. For the attribution of the final mark the ability to analyze and synthesize, the ability to carry out interdisciplinary connections, as well as the mastery of exposure will also be assessed.
Assessment criteria	<ul> <li>Knowledge and understanding</li> <li>Knowledge of historiographical, methodological and archaeological issues related to the discipline;</li> <li>ability to analyze and historically frame the funerary contexts of late antiquity and early Medieval age.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Applying knowledge and understanding</li> <li>Historical and archaeological recognition, commentary and contextualization of monuments and finds also through the analysis of graphic and photographic documentation;</li> <li>self-test and evaluation during seminars and in laboratory exercises.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Autonomy of judgment</li> <li>Correct use of tools and methods;</li> <li>Correct and integrated use of all sources.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Communicating knowledge and understanding</li> <li>To describe and interpret, with specific terminology, the material testimonies object of study.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Communication skills / Capacities to continue learning</li> <li>Prove to be able to critically manage the specific bibliography and the essential tools of the research;</li> <li>Demonstrate the ability to describe and interpret a funerary context from a historical, archaeological and methodological point of view.</li> </ul>
Final exam and grading criteria	The final grade is awarded in thirtieths. The examination is deemed passed when the mark is greater than or equal to 18.  The quantity and quality of the answers to the questions posed contribute to the definition of the vote; the student will have to demonstrate independence of judgment and adequate critical and expository argumentation skills (supra "Assessment methods"). The award of honours ('Lode') will consider all these elements together. In general, the assessment is structured as follows:  18-21: sufficient assessment.  22-24: fair assessment.  25-27: good assessment.  28-30: excellent evaluation.
Further information	For the workshops and exercises in the laboratory we will also draw on specific competences of external specialists (in particular: Dr. Ginevra



Panzarino, subject of the matter and archaeoanthropologist). Particular attention will be paid to the archaeological investigation in the late antique cemetery complex of Canosa di Puglia (Christian catacombs). **Graduation Thesis** The subjects subject to thesis are oriented to specific insights on sites, monuments, classes of materials, etc. pertinent to funerary The job setting is aimed at acquiring and maturing the following capacities: - to collect and manage critically a thematic bibliography also in a foreign language; - to rework, through the writing, the information, proposing a personal view of the subjects; - organize a thematic development in a coherent and methodologically correct way, from the analytical approach to the contextualization of synthesis, learning to circumscribe the subject of deepening also on the

The exam calendar is published on the Corso di Laurea website.

basis of historiographical parameters.